

Holmes, JOHANNA

GEORGE MEDAL

Grade 1
Aug 21, 1912. 45"

Document
Number
4500
Date
1945

VERTROUWELIJK

HEADQUARTERS
EUROPEAN THEATRE OF OPERATIONS
Military Intelligence Service

typ:PH

VRAGENLIJST
voor helpers van Geallieerd personeel

Men wordt verzocht blikletters te gebruiken.

DATUM 12th July 1945.

1. NAAM Folmer VOORNAAM Johanna Maria.
2. ADRES Homeruslaan 57, STAD Zeist TELEFOON No. 4625
3. ADRES, BEKEND AAN GEALLIEERD PERSONEEL Homeruslaan 57
4. PLAATS EN DATUM VAN GEBOORTE Hoofddorp, NATIONALITEIT Dutch 9-7-25
5. MILITaire RANG
6. GEHUWD -- AANTAL KINDEREN -- LEEFTIJD KINDEREN
7. NAASTE BLOEDVERWANT Herman Folmer (father) LEEFTIJD 57
8. NAAM, WAARONDER BEKEND BIJ GEALLIEERD PERSONEEL Joke
9. VAN WELKE ONDERGRONDSche BEWEGING BENT U LID? Luctor et Emergo Fiat Libertas
10. BIJZONDERHEDEN BETREFFENDE GEHOLPEN GEALLIEERD PERSONEEL
ARRESTATIE, OVERLIJDEN ENZ.

11. PERSONEN, DIE U BEKEND ZIJN, WELKE GEALLIEERD PERSONEEL HIJLEN
see separate lists.

12. OPMERKINGEN With my arrestation, friends destroyed everything I had, as a result, I cannot find more than 56 out of the 320 I helped, without service-numbers, only their addresses. For the rest of the list, you should inquire at the 4 persons mentioned on the separate list. They may have furhter details, I cannot remember. I have photographs of the 55.

Z.O.Z.

Document
Number
4501
by CL, 2000, 1000

Johanna Maria FOLMER

26 January 1948

Attached:

- (1) document(s) under study or to be studied
- (2) correspondence pending reply _____

Received prior to above-indicated date is (are) filed without complete processing as per final instructions from ODDI, HQ SUCOM, 8 January 1948.

Letter from Miss Mel Lind - 1-8-48

DE KANTERIK VAN
HINSSENSLANDSCHE ZAKKEN

M. J. Palmer S.GRAVENHAGE 23 July 1965.

Lieutenant Felix Bilgrey,
6801 MIS - I Detachment,
Bloemcamplaan 36,
Wassenaar.

Dear Lieutenant Bilgrey,

I have the honour to inform you, that the Minister of the Interior in his letters to his colleagues of Foreign affairs has given clearance to the following Dutch nationals:
T. van den Hurk, Prinses Beatrixplantsoen 7,
Meppel
Miss Johanna Maria Folmer, Honeruslaan 57,
Zoeterwoude

I am obliged to point out to you, that my letter is only unofficial and cannot be taken for the official clearance, which will be given to you through the usual official sources.

Yours sincerely,

YBmM mller

As 9 am
24.7.46

Big Vassie
Army 15001
to CL 1000, Dec 1945

Holland Office

7 January 1946.

I

FOLMER, Johanna Maria,

Homeruslaan 57, Zeist.

Dutch

9-7-1923, Hoofddorp.

Capt. COSELT

10 December 1945

date MAF w/GP
agreed

The subject was the youngest member of the first organisation devoted to pilot evasion in Holland, it having been organised by Nel Lind and J.C. Mannes and was known as "Luctor et Emergo" and later as "Fiat Libertas". In June, July and August of 1943, the subject, then 19 years of age, arranged for the collection, shelter, food supply and transport of a considerable number of allied evaders. Following the 27th of September 1943, when the organisation was destroyed by the Gestapo, Joke Folmer, who had evaded capture at that time, continued her work single handed, picked up such old contacts of her previous organisation as remained and made a considerable number of other contacts which included all of the key figures of the evasion lines to the south and to Belgium. The subject herself estimates that she convoyed an approximate total of 320 evaders, this figure being agreed to by other key figures in the evasion in Holland. However she can remember the names of only 56 of those whom she helped. These 56 names, 49 of whom are American and 7 of whom reached the allied lines safely all 29 of whom mention her name in a very favorable way. She took the pilots from various addresses in Amsterdam or from the leader of evasion in the province of Drenthe, Peter van der Hark, and transported them by train to Roermond or Maas-tricht near the Belgian frontier.

REF ID: A75001
Anthonys
1944
W.C.B. 2000

17 evaders were taken by her to the home of her parents at Zeist where they remained for a period of from 5 to 16 days. Of the great number of evaders whom she assisted approximately 100 were convoyed by her alone, while in other instances she was one of several who assisted in the guiding of the evaders. The young lady and other members of her family were arrested in April of 1944 and on the 4th of July of that year she was sentenced to death by the Military District Court. In September 1944 she was, however, transported to Germany and from there until the 13th of June 1945 she was an inmate under desperate conditions in five different German convict prisons at Antwerp, Dusseldorf, Ziegenheim, Gotthaus and Waldheim. It is noteworthy in connection with the subject that she is one of the few figures in evasion work in which all other principals are in agreement to the value of her contribution to the cause, for everyone accords to her the highest honour as a transport agent.

Names of those helped are given below:

Omar, Edward Roberts, USAAF	Victor Ferrari, USAAF
Philip Brown, RAF	Leonard Frank Sixley, RAF
John Henry Jackson, RAF	Donald H. Crawford, USAAF
Harold John Killian, USAAF	LeRoy, Croy, USAAF
Henry Vincent Schultz, USAAF	Clayton C. David, USAAF
Norman Elkin, USA	Walter Schneider, USA
Ted Froats, RCAF	Angelo Cambini, USA
John F. Grany, USA	Carl Stanley Lambert, USA
Woodrow Wilson Tarleton, USA	Jim Guy, RAF
Clyde Martin, USA	Henry Herman Gladys, USA
Allan R. Willis, USA	Donald Arthur Porter, USA
Evert George Ehman, USA	Robert L. Garrett, USA
David Russell Talbot, USA	William Evans, USA
Howard Bernard King, USA	Charles R. Miller, USA
Billy Barkley Boyer, USA	David I. Alford, USA
Oscar Hooper, USA	Clement Jr. Lewis, USA
David Troup, USA	George Finley, USA
Frederic O'Neill Twitchell, USA	Richard Martin Scott, USA
Glyde L. Mellin, USA	John Lyons, USA
Charles Andrew Haupt, USA	Joel Dean Punches, USA
Harold McLellan Booth, USA	D. Binks, USA
Herman Morgan, USA	Laurel Martin, USA
Donald Schuman, USA	Kenneth Shaver, USA
John R. Bucker, USA	Bill Koenig, USA
John Stuart, RAF	Elliott McVittie, RAF
Eric Hilditch, USA	Robert Cleveland, USA
Samuel Roberts, USA	Thayer Hopkins, USA

REF ID: A65001
1945

REPORT ON JOKE FOLMER.

born: 9th of July, 1923.

address: 57 Homeruslaan,
ZEIST.

I, Nel Lind of 25 Rozenstraat, Alkmaar, organised in 1943 the help to pilots through the "Luctor et Emergo" organisation, later known as "Fiat Libertas", would like to draw your attention to the exceptionally good work done by Joke Folmer for Allied personnel.

Joke Folmer, then 19 years old, often helped me to transport and shelter the pilots, for whom I regularly arranged the collection, shelter, transport to Belgium etc., during June, July and August 1943 through "Fiat Libertas".

On 27th September 1943 I was arrested by the S.D. and it is to the special credit of Joke Folmer (she was my youngest assistant in the organisation) that she immediately carried on with the work that I had begun.

"Fiat Libertas" had helped 20 pilots across the Belgian frontier, but even before my arrest a message came from Paris that the Belgian line, through which we delivered our pilots, was no longer safe.

With the help of old relations of mine Joke then found new ways of helping pilots to get back to their bases. During this period she worked in cooperation with Schmidt (Zeist), Jacq Vrij (Maastricht), Carl Meeuwesen (Amsterdam) and Peter van der Hurk (Nijmegen).

When Joke was arrested by the S.D. at the end of April 44 she had helped 320 pilots since September 1943.

On the 4th of July 1944, Joke was sentenced to death by the "Kriegsgericht Luftgau" (Military Air District Court). In September 1944 she was transported to Germany and on the 13th of June 1945 she was repatriated with Jet Rozenburg and me, (from Fiat Libertas) after having suffered rough treatment in 5 different Germans convict prisons (in Antwerp, Düsseldorf, Ziegenheim, Cottbus and Waldheim).

Now that Joke has safely returned and I.S.9 is collecting information about people who are considered to deserve an English decoration, I would like to recommend Joke Folmer of Zeist for the highest decoration, presented to helpers of Allied personnel.

She took a leading part in helping 320 pilots and escorted most of them herself over the Belgian frontier to Brussels. This is surely an exceptional achievement for a girl of 20. Her proud bearing with the S.D. and the war

21500
to C.R. you will find

friendship given to Jet Rozenburg and myself while we shared a cell from June 1944, may not be of importance when considering her work in the pilot-line, but I mention it as an indication of our admiration for the attitude of the youngest member of the "Fiat Libertas" organisation. In the name of all the members of "Fiat Libertas" organisation I recommend Joke Polmer for the highest reward.

(sgd) Nel Lind

of "Fiat Libertas"
25 Rozenburgstraat,
Alkmaar.

1st August 1945.

20
SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED
JUN 1944
FBI - NEW YORK

LIST OF THOSE WHO HAVE HELPED ALLIED PERSONNEL

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1) Jacques van den Brink, Maastricht | Frontier crossing. |
| 2) Carl Meeuwes (so), Amsterdam | Contact, clothes, shelter, food, identity-papers. |
| 3) Peter van der Hurk, Meppel | Contact, clothes, food, shelter, identity-papers |
| 4) G.v.d. Born, Amersfoort | Contact, clothes, shelter, food, identity-papers. |
| 5) Henk van Cleeff, Iepelaan 41, Den Haag | Transport.
Was arrested July 1944, not yet returned from Germ. Shelter, food, transport.
B. Folmer-Vrielink was arrested together with her daughter April 1944.
H. Folmer had to leave his house, which was then occupied by the Huns.
Shelter. |
| H. Folmer and B. Folmer-Vrielink,
Homeruslaan 57, Zeist | |
| Dr. van Nooten, Meppel | Shelter. |
| J. Mojet, Zeist | Shelter. |
| H. Waller, Driebergen | Shelter. |
| Bob van Hilten, Alkmaar | Transport. |
| Dolf Edelman, Zeist. | Transport. |

REF ID: A6501

CL 100-1000

HEADQUARTERS

6801 MIS-1 DETACHMENT

PRESS INFORMATION OFFICE

PRESS COPY OF CITATION

SUBJECT: Recommendation for Award of Medal of Freedom, Gold Palm,
Gold Palm.

TO : Commanding General, United States Forces, European
Theater, APO 757, U.S. Army.

It is recommended that Majufrouw JOHANNA MARIA FOLMER, subject
of the Netherlands, be awarded the Medal of Freedom, Gold Palm.

The officer recommending this award has personal knowledge of
the act or service upon which this recommendation was based through eye witness
accounts from persons who have personal knowledge of the act or service
upon which this recommendation is based.

HISTORY: Majufrouw JOHANNA MARIA FOLMER, subject of the Netherlands,
volunteered for Dutch underground activity at the age of nineteen years and
by June 1943, she was the youngest key member of the escape and evasion net
which was retrieving and passing along allied airmen who had fallen in enemy
occupied territory. She was dedicated to this cause until April 1944, when
she was arrested by the Gestapo, having aided three hundred and twenty pilots
and crewmen before the enemy halted her activity.

With all the zest of youth, Majufrouw FOLMER searched outlying
farmlands for fallen airmen, provided hiding places for them, procured food
and clothing, forged identity papers and arranged for transportation along
the escape and evasion networks.

Late in September 1943, the Gestapo arrested practically all
of her close associates, virtually destroying the group. Majufrouw Folmer
escaped the roundup, dodged enemy agents' concentrated efforts to trap her,
and began to recruit new helpers and to organize a new group, even making
firmer contacts with networks in the South.

Reorganization effected, Majufrouw Folmer's activity became even
more intense and more widespread. From Amsterdam and Free the Province of
Drenthe, she escorted refugees to Maastricht and Roermond, near the Belgian
frontier. The amazing total of three hundred and twenty fallen airmen, about
equally when were Americans, were passed by this girl from Holland along to
network chief who led them to safety. Even more astonishing is the fact that
more than one hundred of these airmen were conveyed by Majufrouw Folmer alone,
with no other guide, and other helpers to share the constant perils of the route.
During a ten month period of time, she transported

Typical of the girl's determination and courage, typical of her
abandon for personal safety is her feat of harboring seventeen airmen in her
own home when the Gestapo quest for her was at its height.

PW CPT COO

PW H REED

12

EX-1000
REF ID: A6561
C.R. 1000

In April 1944, Mejufrun Folmer and her entire family were arrested by the Gestapo. On July 4, 1944, the Military District Court sentenced her to death. Two months later, however, she was sent to Germany, where she was confined under desperate conditions in a total of five different German convict prisons, Amtath, Dusseldorf, Magdeburg, Cottbus and Wismar.

During her imprisonment, while still facing the death sentence, Mejufrun Folmer courageously defied the Gestapo and refused to reveal any information. She was liberated in June 1945, a true patriot to the cause of freedom.

Proposed Citation: Mejufrun JOHANNES MARIA FOLMER for extraordinary service to Allied airmen who fell in enemy occupied territory from June 1943, to April 1944. Despite her youth, Mejufrun Folmer, through heroic, courageous, and selfless acts in assisting American and Allied airmen, became a symbol of untiring will to resist oppression. Her uncomprising efforts resulted in aid to more than three hundred and twenty American and Allied airmen. She displayed the same extraordinary fortitude after her arrest and imprisonment. In the face of a death sentence she defied Gestapo demands for information, remaining loyal to the cause of freedom, her service an inspiration to all who struggled for the Allied cause.

R. H. BURNS
Lt. Col. GSC
Commanding

In April 1944, Mejufrun Folmer was born and died

Rec'd. 19500
Army
CD
19500

Johanna Maria Falmer
Vivian F

RECORDED
Anonym
PC-1000
1940-1945

S.

On 27 September 1943 the founder of the Escape and Evasion line originally designated Luctor et Emergo and later Fiat Libertas, Nil Lind, was apprehended by the Germans. At that time the organization, then operating three months, had helped 20 downed flyers to cross the Belgian frontier, equipping them with civilian clothing, identity papers, money, etc., on the first step of the long trip back to freedom. Upon his arrest his youngest assistant in the organization, Johanna Maria Polmer, known to her Dutch compatriots as "Joke" Polmer and in Belgium as "La Petite", at that time just turned 19 years of age, took upon herself the task of reforming the organization which along with the loss of its leadership, had lost a great many other active members.

Despite her youth Miss Polmer brought to this task as tangible assets her experience in Resistance work which had commenced in 1942 as a worker in enterprises involving sabotage. She had in this, her initial phase of resistance work, made many deliveries of arms, grenades and explosives to the people who used them to the Germans' detriment. During the preliminary period she met many people who shared with her the will to resist. This, the will to resist, was the common denominator which joined these people, the essential requirement for active participation in any underground work. She brought, as well to the task, her youth and its concomitants of energy, vigor and determination, her hatred of the enemy who occupied her beloved Holland, her hard-bought knowledge of the weaknesses of these self-called super beings who "wouldn't search me because they like blue eyes and blonde hair," her social awareness and sympathy - she was studying for a Juvenile Delinquency judgeship - and a bedrock of common sense, patience and humour.

the name
in CIO
1945, for CIO

[Signature]

She enlisted the aid of her immediate family, her father, mother and two brothers, her relations, and the many others whom she describes simply and warmly as "good friends." Once again funds must be gathered, the least difficult portion of her work for to this extent all were eager to help, sources for procurement of false identity cards and civilian clothing, stop-over shelters and so on.

The very nature of the work required that the organization be to some degree exposed. Every effort was made by the members of the group to minimize this necessary exposure; every effort was made by the Germans to exploit it. The Fiat Libertas organization had its representatives planted in the German Communications Center. Carbon copies of the telex messages sent in from outlying German observation posts were received by Miss Folmer, almost concurrently with their intended recipients. These telex messages included information as to the time, place, type of aircraft and probable number or crew, not picked up by the Germans. This information was used by the organization in establishing contact with the downed flyers, and in testing their veracity by asking the questions to which the answers were already known. This, the business of establishing the initial contact with the downed flyer, was what made necessary the vulnerability of the organization. It was a case on the part of the flyer and the organization of feeling their ways toward one another. Once taken under wing the flyer was guided and passed by day and by night, openly and furtively, step by step, along a line and through countless hands, the line maintained dash and the hands joined only by human trust; with peril and hazard ever attendant on his final freedom. The turnover within the organization was enormous and was inevitable, and this fact was known and accepted by its members.

100-NSOJ
C.R. 100-NSOJ

J.M.

In late April 1944 the inevitable caught up with Miss Folmar. She was arrested by the Germans and subsequently sentenced to death. As will materialize the sentence was never carried out.

In the six months intervening period between the time Miss Folmar took over the organization and the time she was arrested, she had played the leading and most exposed role in conveying 320 Allied airmen, most of whom were American, across the Belgian frontier into Brussels. She conveyed 100 of these flyers alone, and in the remaining cases acted as guide for the actual conveyer.

Just half an hour before being captured, Miss Folmar destroyed her records in the interests of the safety of the other members of the group. She does however remember the names of 56 of the airmen she aided, 49 of whom were Americans. Of these 49 some 27 reached eventual safety and speak very highly of her. Her own fellow workers both prominent and otherwise speak as highly of her. Where there is unanimity in anything so naturally diverse as human opinion, there is surely great cause.

As may be expected Miss Folmar's many trips were rich in incident, many not without humour. One occasion, a sleepy ticket seller gave her tickets with incorrect dates. The Dutch Control complained. She managed to convince him - by gestures of course - that she and her party were deaf mutes. He offered no further objection. Another time Miss Folmar had 17 Americans secreted in her parents' home in Zeist, Holland. Hazard aside, 17 hungry Americans are problem enough.

On 4 July 1944, after having been then more than two months in solitary confinement, Miss Folmar was sentenced to death. The trial afforded her the only opportunity she had to see those friends of hers who had been apprehended at the same time as she. In the great majority of cases

SEARCHED

INDEXED

FILED

145001

W.C.L.

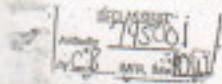
1945

SV

it was to be the last time she would ever see them. In September 1944 she was transported to Germany. There in five different camps, which had in common only their misery, she suffered every privation and hardship imaginable. Under the Nazis' conception of irony and pectoral justice she was made to brave Allied air raids tied upright in an exposed area while her guards sought the freedom of shelters. Even in these circumstances it is documented that she was a source of strength to her fellow inmates.

She was liberated by the Russians on 13 July 1945 in time, returned to her native Holland.

Her own estimate of her work is indicative of her qualities as a person. She thinks the greatest value of her experience for herself was in the development of her character and understanding. She never thinks of its value to those she helped. We, who do, must recognize the extraordinary achievement. In the face of great dangers which her youth did not make her fail to recognize, she singlehandedly re-established an escape and evasion route, furnishing and directing the clothing, shelter, identification papers and the guides and helpers, having its beginning in Northern Holland and its end in freedom.



U. - Adelma Maria Glaser
Vision B

74-1164-
1950
100-200-100-100

I

1. Somewhere in Holland in 1942 a young Dutch girl, Johanna Maria Folmar, 19 years old, with bloodish hair and bright blues eyes, was riding in the compartment of a train. She was carrying a somewhat nondescript suitcase. A German ~~soldier~~ entered her compartment. He checked her papers, heavily remarking that her picture did not do her hair and eyes justice. On their account he did not search her suitcase. An hour later, having arrived at her destination, Miss Folmar ~~had~~ ^{got off} the train. She delivered her suitcase containing dynamite without further incident. That evening another instance of sabotage, bellying the German claims of Dutch cooperation, was committed.

2. ~~74-1164-1953~~ Miss Folmar continued in this phase of resistance work until July of 1943 at which time she became a key worker in the escape and evasion network known as Fiat Libertas. On 27 September 1943 the leaders and many of the workers in the organization were apprehended by the Gestapo. Miss Folmar escaped detection. ^{In order to accomplish this fine record Miss Folmar had to} Despite her youth Miss Folmar took upon herself the task of reforming the scattered remnants of the organization and recruiting additional workers. She enlisted the aid of her family, her mother, father and two brothers, her relatives and the many good and trustworthy friends her experience in the movement had gained for her. She made arrangements for the procurement of civilian clothing, identity cards, guides, and stop-over shelters. Money was never a difficulty as countless Dutchmen were eager to contribute.

6. Miss Folmar's home is in Zeist, Holland, a suburb of Amsterdam. Her family secreted a total of 17 fallen flyers in their home there for periods ranging from 5 to 16 days. It was from various addresses in Amsterdam that Miss Folmar gathered her evaders, boarding them on trains from that city and convoying them to Roermond or Maastrich near the Belgian frontier. She also took evaders from Peter van der Huk from the province of Drenthe. She convoyed the evaders in groups of from 2 to 6. Every trip presented new problems and required on-the-spot improvisation to meet the always ~~various~~ circumstances. In general Miss

Ref. number:
14500
Date: 10/10/1944

II

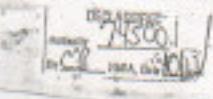
Folmar's main and most hazardous function was to convoy the evaders to the "soft bridge" Belgian frontier. From there they were handed over to representatives of the Belgian FFI, for the next leg of their trip. When it was necessary, and when the possibility was present, Miss Folmar escorted her evaders all the way to Brussels, Belgium. Other times, it being impossible to cross the frontier and there being no one to take the evaders, it was necessary to make the long trip back to Amsterdam with only the hope that the next trip would be more successful.

1 The very nature of the work she was engaged in made her required that both she and the organization she led be vulnerable. For instance, it was a constant race with the German authorities to contact the fallen flyers before they fell into the Germans' hands. In this effort Miss Folmar received through one of her agents in the German Communications Center the German Telex messages which listed the time, place, type of aircraft, and probable number of crew not capture by the Germans. This information was used in two ways; first Miss Folmar relayed to her co-workers most appropriately located the date, and second the information was used in interrogating the evaders in order to avoid having the Germans plant one of their agents in the hands of her organization.

2 3 In late April 1944 Miss Folmar was arrested by the Gestapo in late April 1944.

4 Such were Miss Folmar's efforts that between September 1943 and April 1944, she participated directly in the aiding of approximately 520 fallen Allied airmen, the majority of whom were American. She convoyed at least 100 of this figure alone, and in the remaining cases acted as the guide for the actual conveyer. She was arrested while with a group of 5 Allied flyers.

5 All during the 6 month period Miss Folmar headed the organization, losses were suffered by it. There was fully an 80% turnover in that short time. What problems in arrangement, procurement, and recruitment, this turnover caused can be imagined. Though she suffered from them, all of whom were at least friends, she did not permit herself to be dismayed by them. Her achievement was one of



III

fortitude and courage, and her contribution greatly valuable to the Allied cause.

9 Miss Polmar's friends destroyed almost all her records to prevent other disclosures when she was captured, but she still has the names of 56 Allied airmen she aided. Of the 56, 49 were Americans. 27 of these 49 reached eventual safety, and speak very highly of her.

10 Three months after her arrest, the whole of it having been spent in solitary confinement, Miss Polmar was tried by a German court and sentenced to death. The trial afforded her the only opportunity she was to have of seeing those co-workers who had been captured with her. The sentence was never carried out due to the workings of Providence and German inefficiency. Miss Polmar was moved so rapidly from one concentration camp to another in Germany that the order to execute her never caught up with her. In the 10 months Miss Polmar spent in Germany before being liberated by the Russians on 19 July 1945, she was in 5 only-geographically-different concentration camps. During this period she lost 40 of her original 140 pounds.

11 Now 22 years old, Miss Polmar looks back on her experiences and finds their chief value to her in the enrichment of her character and understanding. She is reunited with her fiance whose health was seriously undermined by a long stay in concentration camps, ^{where he had been confined}, in which he was for the same reason. She has renewed her studies for a judgeship in Juvenile Delinquency.

12 Asked if she would do it again, she answers simply, "Yes, and better."

SP-1000

ARMED
FORCES
CL
1000

PERSONALIA OF THOSE TO BE DECORATED IN THE UNITED STATES.

NAME: Mejufrouw Johannah Maria Falmer

ADDRESS: 57 Homeruslaan, Zeist

COUNTRY: Holland

PROFESSION (Military or not.) NONE

AGE:

RELAT OF KIN:

IDENTITY CARD NUMBER (Or Passport.)

AREA COVERED DURING THIS PERIOD OF WORK:

REMARKS:

- (a) Personality:
- (b) Ability to get on with others.
- (c) English-speaking.
- (d) Physical status.

REPRODUCED
BY
Army
1950
1948

CARRIER SHEET H.Q. TSFET

Must remain with attached papers

NUMBER EACH MEMO OR REPLY IN LEFT BORDER. DRAW LINE UNDER EACH. USE ENTIRE WIDTH OF PAPER.

TO	FROM	DATE	SUBJECTS : Clearance Enter File Classification AG :
CO 5601L MIS-X Det APO 887	Holland Office 6801 MIS-I Det APO 887	24 July 1948	Immediate clearance on the following is herewith transmitted: POLMER, Johanna Marie Majfurrow Van den Hoven, Pieter 28 JUL 1948 N 2 2 Insp: 11 10 7 15 18 mentioned above 1
			 FELIX BILGREY 1st Lt., AC Officer in Charge

AGO-Hq ETOUSA

Office Form No. 4 (1 Aug. 1943).

PAGE No. _____

LIFT HERE. USE OTHER SIDE.

RECORDED
ARMED
FORCES
INT'L
SERV.
MAY 1945

PERSONNEL MAIL DAY

Folmer

HOLLAND OFFICE
6801 MSG-X DETACHMENT
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
UNITED STATES ARMY

29 May 1945

SUBJECT: Letter of recommendation
TO : UNRRA, Carel van Nijlandstraat, The Hague.

1. During the occupation of Holland, from November 1942 until April 1944, Miss Johanna Maria Folmer of Zaist, Holland actively engaged herself in underground work, dealing especially with the transporting of Allied fliers who had previously been shot down over Holland, and who were being evacuated by Dutch underground organisations. Miss Folmer handled no less than 320 Allied fliers in connection with this work all of which was done at considerable peril to, and with complete disregard for her personal safety. Of the 8000 odd Netherlands who assisted Allied fliers in this way during the occupation Miss Folmer is one of the very few whose work was so outstanding as to make her eligible for the highest American and British decoration given to an alien. Her unselfish devotion to the task at hand and her unfailing courage in the face of the highest odds imaginable, including 14 months imprisonment and a condamnation to death by the Germans, stamp her as a person whose courage and service will forever be remembered by a grateful nation.

2. It is Miss Folmer's desire to secure a position with UNRRA. This command, fully cognizant of the all the facts involved in her case, earnestly recommend that every possible consideration be given to her application.

JEB/tj

JOSEPH E BURKE JR
2nd Lt Infantry
Administrative Officer

DISASTER
HISCO
Authority
Re-CI
Date 1944

PERSONALIA HOLLAND:

FEMALE:

- (a) 22-23 years of age
(b) Speaks English
(c) Not especially attractive-typical Dutch type
(d) Will need clothes, including undergarments, shoes

file
Ideah Palmer
anwarber

RECORDED
145001
MAY 1945
U.S. AIR FORCE

U//

PROPOSED CITATION FOR MEDAL OF FREEDOM
WITH GOLD PALM

JOHANNA MARIA VOLMER, subject of the Netherlands, for exceptionally meritorious achievement which aided the United States in the prosecution of the war against the enemy in Continental Europe, as a member of the Dutch underground movement, from June 1943 to April 1944. With extraordinary courage, ingenuity and zeal she helped to conceive and operate an escape line for Allied flyers falling in enemy territory. In the face of almost insurmountable obstacles, she personally conducted more than one hundred Allied flyers to freedom, and more than three hundred and twenty airmen were returned to active duty through her genius for organization and her ability to inspire her co-workers. Though she was captured, imprisoned, and sentenced to death, she displayed extraordinary fortitude during her imprisonment, defying German demands for information in the face of her death sentence. She was liberated in June 1945 and her heroic self-sacrifice in the cause of freedom merits the highest esteem of the Allied Nations.

Discrepancy
NSCO
In CIO
Date 2/18/48

HEADQUARTERS
6601 MSG-X DETACHMENT
HEADQUARTERS COMMAND
UNITED STATES FORCES, EUROPEAN THEATER

APO 887 (Rear)
U.S. ARMY
18 February 1948

AG 200.6

SUBJECT: Recommendation for Award of Medal of Freedom, Gold Palm.

TO : Commanding General, United States Forces, European Theater,
APO 757, US Army.

1. a. It is recommended that Majufrouw JOHANNAH MARIA POLMER, subject of The Netherlands, be awarded the Medal of Freedom, Gold Palm.

b. Majufrouw JOHANNAH MARIA POLMER was a subject of The Netherlands, residing in Huismerlaan, 57, Zeist, at the time of the act or service for which this award is recommended.

c. Name and address of nearest relative: Hermann POLMER,
Huismerlaan, 57, Zeist. (Father)

d. Not applicable

e. Decorations previously awarded: None

f. Not applicable

g. A similar recommendation for this individual has not been submitted.

2. a. The officer recommending this award has personal knowledge of the act or service upon which this recommendation was based through eye witness accounts from persons who have personal knowledge of the act or service upon which this recommendation is based.

3. HISTORY: Majufrouw JOHANNAH MARIA POLMER, subject of The Netherlands, volunteered for Dutch underground activity at the age of nineteen years and by June, 1943, she was the youngest key member of the escape and evasion net which was retrieving and passing along Allied airmen who had fallen in enemy occupied territory. She was dedicated to this cause until April, 1944, when she was arrested by the Gestapo, having aided three hundred and twenty pilots and crewmen before the enemy halted her activity.

With all the zest of youth, Majufrouw POLMER searched outlying farmlands for fallen airmen, provided hiding places for them, procured food and clothing, forged identity papers and arranged for transportation along the escape and evasion networks.

digilander
N500.i
SABA-DigiNet

Late in September, 1943, the Gestapo arrested practically all of her close associates, virtually destroying the group. Majfurrow Fulner escaped the roundup, defied enemy agents concentrated efforts to trap her, and began to recruit new helpers and to organize a new group, even making firmer contacts with networks in the South.

Reorganization effected, Majurows Folmer's activity became even more intense and more widespread. From Amsterdam and from the Province of Drenthe, she escorted evaders to Maastricht and Roermond, near the Belgian frontier. The amazing total of three hundred and twenty fallen Allied airmen, about half of whom were Americans, were passed by this girl from Holland along to network chiefs who led them to safety. Even more astonishing is the fact that more than one hundred of these airmen were convoyed by Majurows Folmer alone, with no other guide, no other helpers to share the constant perils of the routes.

Typical of the girl's determination and courage, typical of her abdication for personal safety is her feat of harboring seventeen airmen in her own home when the Gestapo quest for her was at its height.

In April, 1944, Majurowa Foleas and her entire family were arrested by the Gestapo. On July 4, 1944, the Military District Court sentenced her to death. Two months later, however, she was sent to Germany, where she was confined under desperate conditions in a total of five different German convict prisons, Antath, Dusseldorf, Eingangsheim, Cottbus, and Waldheim.

During her imprisonment, while still facing the death sentence, Neujahr valiantly courageous defied the Gestapo and refused to reveal any information. She was liberated in June, 1945, a true patriot to the cause of freedom.

4. PROPOSED CITATION: Mejufrau JOHANNNA MARIA FOLMER, for extraordinary service to Allied airmen who fell in enemy occupied territory from June, 1943, to April, 1944. Despite her youth, Mejufrau Folmer, through heroic, courageous, and selfless acts in assisting Americans and Allied evaders, became a symbol of untiring will to resist oppression. Her unceasing efforts resulted in aid to more than three hundred and twenty Americans and Allied airmen. She displayed the same extraordinary fortitude after her arrest and imprisonment. In the face of a death sentence she defied the Gestapo demands for information, remaining loyal to the Cause of Freedom, her service an inspiration to all who struggled for the Allied Cause.

R.H. BREWER
Lt. Colonel, GSC
Commanding

100-40000
NSC 1
100-40000

Written - w/o B

HOLLAND OFFICE
6801 MIS-X DETACHMENT
UNITED STATES ARMY

resulting in

7 January 1946

COMMENDATION FOR AWARD GRADE 1

TO FOLMER, Johanna Maria

ADDRESS Bosgrastraat 57, Zeist

NATIONALITY Dutch

DATE AND PLACE OF BIRTH 9-7-1923, Hoofddorp

R

POSTHUMOUS AWARD--Next of kin and address Herman Folmer (father)

Investigating Officer: Capt. COOLETT

Date of conf. re agreement: 10 December 1945

Approved by:

Franklin D. Coolett
FRANKLIN D. COOLETT
Captain, Air Corps

Summary of services:-

The subject was the youngest member of the first organization devoted to pilot evasion in Holland, it having been organized by Mel Lind and J.C. Wannee and was known as "Lector et Emerge" and later as "Vista Libertas". In June, July and August of 1943, the subject, then 19 years of age, arranged for the collection, shelter, food supply and transport of a considerable number of allied evaders. Following the 27th of September, 1943, when the organization was destroyed by the Gestapo, Johne Folmer who had evaded capture at that time, continued her work single handed, picked up such old contacts of her previous organization as remained and made a considerable number of other contacts which included all of the key figures of the evasion lines to the south and to Belgium. The subject herself estimates that she convoyed an approximate total of 320 evaders, this figure being agreed to by other key figures in the evasion in Holland. However she can remember the names of only 55 of those whom she helped. These 55 names, 19 of whom are American and 27 of whom reached the allied lines safely all 29 of whom mention her name in a very favorable way. She took the pilots from various addresses in Amsterdam or from the leader of evasion in the province of Drenthe, Peter van der Hark, and transported them by train to Roermond or Maastricht near the Belgian frontier. 17 evaders were taken by her

CLASSIFIED
1950
C-2
100-1000

to the home of her parents at Zeit where they remained for a period of from 5 to 16 days. Of the great number of evaders whom she assisted approximately 100 were convoyed by her alone while in other instances she was one of several who assisted in the guilting of the evaders. The young lady and other members of her family were arrested in April of 1944 and on the 4th of July of that year she was sentenced to death by the Military District Court. In September 1944 she was, however, transported to Germany and from there until the 13th of June 1945 she was an inmate under desperate conditions in five different German convict prisons at Ansbach, Dusseldorf, Ziegenheim, Cottbus and Waldheim. It is noteworthy in connection with the subject that she is one of the few figures in evasion work in which all other principals are in agreement to the value of her contribution to the cause, for everyone accords to her the highest honor as a transport agent. Names of those helped are given below:

Dear Edward Roberts, USAAF
Philip Brown, RAF
John Henry Jackson, RAF
Harold John Killian, USAAF
Henry Vincent Sennels, USAAF
Norman Elkin, USA
Ted Proate, RCAF
John F. Grany, USA
Woodrow Wilson Tarleton, USA
Clyde Martin, USA
Allan H. Willis, USA
Evert George Biesen, USA
David Russell Talbot, USA
Howard Bertrand King, USA
Billy Barkley Boyer, USA
Odell Hooper, USA
David Troop, USA
Frederic O'Neill Twitchell, USA
Clyde L. Mallin, USA
Charles Andrew Haupt, USA
Harold McClellan Booth, USA
Barney Morgan, USA
Donald Schumann, USA
John E. Becker, USA
John Stuart, RAF
Eric Hilditch, USA
Samuel Roberts, USA

Victor Ferrari, USAAF
Leonard Frank Dixley, RA
Donald W. Crawford, USAAF
Lois Groy, USAAF
Clayton C. David, USAAF
Walter Schneider, USA
Angelo Gardini, USA
Carl Stanley Lashert, USA
Jim Guy, RAF
Harry Warren Chady, USA
Donald Arthur Parker, USA
Robert L. Garrett, USA
William Evans, USA
Charles H. Miller, USA
David I. Alfaro, USA
Clement P. Leon, USA
George Finley, USA
Richard Martin Scott, USA
John Lyons, USA
Joel Dean Ranches, USA
D. Banks, USA
Laurel Martin, USA
Kenneth Stever, USA
Bill Koenig, USA
Elliott McVittie, RAF
Robert Cleveland, USA
Wayne Hopkins, USA

SEARCHED
INDEXED
FILED
FEB 18 1948
ARMED FORCES
HEADQUARTERS
6801 MIS-X DETACHMENT
HEADQUARTERS COMMAND
UNITED STATES FORCES, EUROPEAN THEATER

HEADQUARTERS

6801 MIS-X DETACHMENT

HEADQUARTERS COMMAND

UNITED STATES FORCES, EUROPEAN THEATER

APO 887 (Rear)

U.S. Army
18 February 1948

AG 200.6

To Frankfurt

SUBJECT : Recommendation for Award of Medal of Freedom.
Gold Palm.

TO : Commanding General, United States Forces, European
Theater, APO 757, U.S. Army.

1. a. It is recommended that Majufrouw JOHANNAH MARIA
FOLMER, subject of The Netherlands, be awarded the Medal of
Freedom. Gold Palm.

b. Majufrouw JOHANNAH MARIA FOLMER was a subject
of The Netherlands, residing in Humeruslaan, 57, Zeist, at the
time of the act or service for which this award is recommended.

c. Name and address of nearest relative : _____
Herman FOLMER, Humeruslaan, 57, Zeist. (Father)

d. Not applicable

e. Decorations previously awarded : None

f. Not applicable

g. A similar recommendation for this individual
has not been submitted.

2. a. The officer recommending this award has personal
knowledge of The act or service upon which this recommendation
was based through eye witness accounts from persons who have
personal knowledge of the act or service upon which this
recommendation is based.

3. HISTORY : Majufrouw JOHANNAH MARIA FOLMER, subject
of The Netherlands, volunteered for Dutch underground activity
at the age of nineteen years and by June, 1943, she was the
youngest key member of the escape and evasion net which was
retrieving and passing along allied airmen who had fallen in
enemy occupied territory. She was dedicated to this cause until
April, 1944, when she was arrested by the Gestapo, having aided
three hundred and twenty pilots and crewmen before the enemy
halted her activity.

With all the zest of youth, Majufrouw FOLMER searched

Forwarded to Frankfurt
18 February 1948

REG. NO. 74500
C-2
1944

outlying farmlands for fallen airmen, provided hiding places for them, procured food and clothing, forged identity papers and arranged for transportation along the escape and evasion networks.

Late in September, 1943, the Gestapo arrested practically all of her close associates, virtually destroying the group. Mejurfrau Folmer escaped the roundup, defied enemy agents' concentrated efforts to trap her, and began to recruit new helpers and to organize a new group, even making firmer contacts with networks in the South.

Reorganization effected, Mejurfrau Folmer's activity became even more intense and more widespread. From Amsterdam and from the Province of Drenthe, she escorted evaders to Maastricht and Roermond, near the Belgian frontier. The amazing total of three hundred and twenty fallen Allied airmen, about half of whom were Americans, were passed by this girl from Holland along to network chiefs who led them to safety. Even more astonishing is the fact that more than one hundred of these airmen were convoyed by Mejurfrau Folmer alone, with no other guide, no other helper to share the constant perils of the routes.

Typical of the girl's determination and courage, typical of her abdication for personal safety is her feat of harboring seventeen airmen in her own home when the Gestapo quest for her was at its height.

In April, 1944, Mejurfrau Folmer and her entire family were arrested by the Gestapo. On July 4, 1944, the Military District Court sentenced her to death. Two months later, however, she was sent to Germany where she was confined under desperate conditions in a total of five different German convict prisons, Antath, Dusseldorf, Siegenheim, Cottbus, and Waldheim.

During her imprisonment, while still facing the death sentence, Mejurfrau Folmer courageously defied the Gestapo and refused to reveal any information. She was liberated in June, 1945, a true patriot to the cause of Freedom.

POLMER, for outstanding services to allied airmen who fell in enemy occupied territory from June, 1943, to April, 1944.
Despite her youth, Mejurfrau Folmer, through heroic, courageous, and selfless acts in assisting Americans and Allied evaders, became a symbol of untiring will to resist oppression. Her unceasing efforts resulted in aid to more than three hundred and twenty American and Allied airmen. She displayed the same

REF ID: A65001
CLASSIFIED
C.I.D.
2025 RELEASE UNDER E.O. 14176

extraordinary fortitude after her arrest and imprisonment. In the face of a death sentence she defied Gestapo demands for information, remaining loyal to the Cause of Freedom, her service an inspiration to all who struggled for the Allied Cause.

R.H. BETTS
Lt.Col.GSC
Commanding

RG-100-
70500
1945

7 January 1946.

I

FOLMER, Johanna Maria,

Homeruksaan 57, Zeist.

Dutch

9-7-1923, Hoofddorp.

Capt. COOLEY

10 December 1945

The subject was the youngest member of the first organisation devoted to pilot evasion in Holland, it having been organised by Nel Lind and J.G. Wannee and was known as "Luctor et Emergo" and later as "Fiat Libertas". In June, July and August of 1943, the subject, then 19 years of age, arranged for the collection, shelter, food supply and transport of a considerable number of allied evaders. Following the 27th of September 1943, when the organisation was destroyed by the Gestapo, Joke Folmer, who had evaded capture at that time, continued her work single handed, picked up such old contacts of her previous organisation as remained and made a considerable number of other contacts which included all of the key figures of the evasion lines to the south and to Belgium. The subject herself estimates that she convoyed an approximate total of 320 evaders, this figure being agreed to by other key figures in the evasion in Holland. However she can remember the names of only 56 of those whom she helped. These 56 names, 49 of whom are American and 7 of whom reached the allied lines safely all 29 of whom mention her name in a very favorable way. She took the pilots from various addresses in Amsterdam or from the leader of evasion in the province of Breukelen, Peter van der Hark, and transported them by train to Roermond or Maastricht near the Belgian frontier.

Doc. No.:
Category:
CL Date:

17 evaders were taken by her to the home of her parents at Zeist where they remained for a period of from 5 to 16 days. Of the great number of evaders whom she assisted approximately 100 were convoyed by her alone, while in other instances she was one of several who assisted in the guiding of the evaders. The young lady and other members of her family were arrested in April of 1944 and on the 4th of July of that year she was sentenced to death by the Military District Court. In September 1944 she was, however, transported to Germany and from there until the 13th of June 1945 she was an inmate under desperate conditions in five different German convict prisons at antath, Dusseldorf, Ziegenheim, Gotbus and Waldheim. It is noteworthy in connection with the subject that she is one of the few figures in evasion work in which all other principals are in agreement to the value of her contribution to the cause, for everyone accords to her the highest honour as a transport agent.

Names of those helped are given below:

Omar, Edward Roberts, USAF	Victor Ferrari, USAAF
Philip Brown, RAF	Leonard Frank Sixley, RAF
John Henry Jackson, RAF	Donald H. Crawford, USAAF
Harold John Killian, USAAF	LeRoy, Grey, USAAF
Henry Vincent Schultz, USAAF	Clayton C. David, USAAF
Norman Elkin, USA	Walter Schneider, USA
Ted Froats, RCAF	Angelo Cambini, USA
John F. Grany, USA	Carl Stanley Lambert, USA
Woodrow Wilson Tarleton, USA	Jim Guy, RAF
Clyde Martin, USA	Henry Herman Gladys, USA
Allan R. Willis, USA	Donald Arthur Porter, USA
Evert George Eman, USA	Robert L. Garrett, USA
David Russel Talbot, USA	William Evans, USA
Howard Bernard King, USA	Charles R. Miller, USA
Billy Barkley Boyer, USA	David I. Alford, USA
Odell Hooper, USA	Clement Fr. Leon, USA
David Troup, USA	George Finley, USA
Frederic O'Neill Twitchell, USA	Richard Martin Scott, USA
Clyde L. Nellin, USA	John Lyons, USA
Charles Andrew Haupt, USA	Joel Dean Punches, USA
Harold McLellan Booth, USA	D. Binks, USA
Herman Morgan, USA	Laurel Martin, USA
Donald Schuman, USA	Kenneth Shaver, USA
John R. Bucker, USA	Bill Koenig, USA
John Stuart, RAF	Elliott McVittie, RAF
Eric Hilditch, USA	Robert Cleveland, USA
Samuel Roberts, USA	Thayer Hopkins, USA

DECLASSIFIED
Author 795001
Re CII RWA 10/11/1947

HOKER

ZEIST, HOLLAND

A 20 year old girl who is a student at
Amsterdam University.

SEE: HOKER FOLMER.

DECLASSIFIED
Anthony 745001
by C.R. RADA, 10/11/19

Sam:

Make one copies of each
of the attached and
return to me.

J.B.

DISC 7500
Amer
CL
1945

VERTROUWELIJK

HEADQUARTERS
EUROPEAN THEATRE OF OPERATIONS
Military Intelligence Service

typ:PH

VRAGENLIJST
voor helpers van Geallieerd personeel

Men wordt verzocht blokletten te gebruiken.

DATUM 12th July 1945.

1. NAAM Polmar VOORNAAM Johanna Maria.
2. ADRES Homeruslaan 57, STAD Zeist TELEFOON No. 4625
3. ADRES, BEKEND AAN GEALLIEERD PERSONEEL Homeruslaan 57
4. PLAATS EN DATUM VAN GEBOORTE Hoofddorp, NATIONALITEIT Duitsch
9-7-23
5. MILITaire RANG
6. GEHUWD -- AANTAL KINDEREN -- LEEFTIJD KINDEREN
7. NAASTE BLOEDVERWANT Herman Polmar (father) LEEFTIJD 57
8. NAAM, WAARONDER BEKEND BIJ GEALLIEERD PERSONEEL Joke
9. VAN WELKE ONDERRONDING DEWEINGEN DENT U LIED? George
Fiat Libertas
10. BIJZONDERHEDEN BETREFFENDE GEHOLPEN GEALLIEERD PERSONEEL
ARRESTATIE, OVERLIJDEN ENZ.

11. PERSONEN, DIE U BEKEND ZIJN, WELKE GEALLIEERD PERSONEEL HIELPEN
see separate lists.

12. OPMERKINGEN With my arrestation, friends destroyed everything I had, as a result, I cannot find more than 56 out of the 320 I helped, without service-numbers, only their addresses. For the rest of the list, you should inquire at the 4 persons mentioned on the separate list. They may have further details, I cannot remember. I have photographs of the 56.

Z.O.Z.

BUCKNER
Anthonij
CL 1500
DATA DISC

Report on JOKE POLMER

Born : 9th July, 1923.

Address : 57 Honservlaan,
ZHIST.

I, Mol LIND of 25 Rosenstraat, Alkmaar, organised in 1943 the help to pilots through the "Luctor et Energis" organisation later known as "Piat Libertas", would like to draw your attention to the exceptionally good work done by Joke Polmer for Allied personnel.

Joke Polmer, then 19 years old, often helped me to transport and shelter the pilots, for whom I regularly arranged the collection, shelter, transport to Belgium etc., during June, July and August 1943 through "Piat Libertas".

On 27th September 1943 I was arrested by the S.D. and it is to the special credit of Joke Polmer (she was my youngest assistant in the organisation) that she immediately carried on with the work that I had begun.

"Piat Libertas" had helped 20 pilots across the Belgian frontier, but even before my arrest a message came from Paris, that the Belgian line through which we delivered our pilots, was no longer safe.

With the help of old relations of mine Joke then found new ways of helping pilots to get back to their bases. During this period she worked in cooperation with Schmidt (Zeist), Jaap Vrij (Maastricht), Carl Meuwissen (Amsterdam) and Peter van den Hurk (Nijmegen).

When Joke was arrested by the S.D. at the end of April 1944, she had helped 320 pilots since September 1943.

On the 4th of July 1944 Joke was sentenced to death by the "Kriegsgericht Luftgau" (Military Air District Court). In September 1944 she was transported to Germany and on 13th of June 1945 she was repatriated with Jet Rosenberg and me (from "Piat Libertas") after having suffered rough treatment in 5 different German convict prisons (in Anstalt, Dusseldorf, Ziegenheim, Cottbus and Waldheim).

Now that Joke has safely returned and I.S.9 is collecting information about people who are considered to deserve an English decoration, I would like to recommend Joke Polmer of Zeist for the

/ ...

100-11800
JULY 1945
by CL HMA GPO

- 2 -

highest decoration, presented to helpers of Allied personnel.

She took a leading part in helping 320 pilots and escorted most of them herself over the Belgian frontier to Brussels. This is surely an exceptional achievement for a girl of 20 ! Her proud bearing with the S.D. and the court, the warm friendship given to Jet Rosenberg and myself while we shared a cell from June 1944, may not be of importance when considering her work in the pilot-line, but I mention it as an indication of our admiration for the attitude of the youngest member of the "Fiat Libertas"-organisation. In the name of all the members of "Fiat Libertas" organization I recommend Joke Polser for the highest award.

(Signed) Nel Lind

of "Fiat Libertas"
25 Roerburgstraat
ALTONA 4.

25 August, 1945.

REF ID: A29001
SEARCHED INDEXED SERIALIZED FILED
1945
MAY 20 1945

List of those who have helped Allied personnel.

1. Jacques van den BRINK, MAASTRICHT. Frontier crossing.
- ✓ 2. Carl MEEUWES (SR), AMSTERDAM. Contact, clothes, shelter, food, identity papers.
3. Peter van den HURK, MEPPEL. Contact, clothes, shelter, food, identity papers.
4. G. v.d. BORN, AMERSFOORT. Contact, clothes, shelter, food, identity papers.
- Benk v. CLEEFF, Tepelaan 41, DEN HAAG. Transport.
Was arrested July 44,
not yet returned from Germany.
- H. POLMER and B. POLMER VRIELINK, Bosseruslaan 57, ZEIST. Shelter, food, transport.
B. POLMER-VRIELINK was arrested with her daughter April 44.
H. POLMER had to leave his house, which was then occupied by the Germans.
- Dr. van NOOTEN, MEPPEL. Shelter.
- J. MOJET, ZEIST. Shelter.
- H. WALLER, DRIEHORGEN. Shelter.
- Bob v. HILTON, ALKMAAR. Transport.
- Dolf KOKMAN, ZEIST. Transport.

24500
CL DATA DIVISION

ACTION REPORT

SUBJECT: POLMER, Joke
Homeruslaan 57,
Zeist.

She helped about 320 pilots. She has been arrested, condemned to death, but returned from a concentration-camp.

20 September 1945.

Combined conference considered it possible to give her the GEORGE MEDAL. Captain Coslett will produce a digest on this case for her future citation.
No financial compensation is required or requested.

Answer to Question 15.

Johanna Varla POLMER.

Name and Number	U. S. A. etc.	Shot Down Date	Fires	Sheltered Date	No. of Days	Received Print Name and Address	Passed on to Name and Address
1. Oscar Edward ROBERTS 774, N.W. Star, MIAMI, Florida.	U.S.A.	Oct 4,3	MESSEL	Oct-Dec	80	Peter v.d. HUIK, REPPEL.	Jacques v.d. BRINK, MAASTRICHT.
2. Victor POGGIBONI 1778 Plymouth St., PHILADELPHIA	U.S.A.	Oct 4,3	MESSEL	Oct-Dec	80	"	"
3. Phillip BROWN Portland St., 29, BOSTON.	R.A.F.	Oct 4,3	MESSEL	Oct-Dec	80	"	"
4. Leonard Frank BICKLEY White Hart Hotel, BIRMINGHAM.	R.A.F.	Oct 4,3	VERLO	Oct-Jan	90	AMEROSUS, VENLO	"
5. John Henry JACKSON 79, Kinston Green, BIRMINGHAM	R.A.F.	Oct 4,3	VERLO	Oct-Jan	90	"	"
6. Donald H. CHAPWOOD East Bay Road, NEW YORK	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	AIRPORT	Feb	14	G. v.d. BOEK, AMERSFOORT	"
7. Harold John KILLIAN 2425 50th St., Coeur d'Alene, IOWA	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	AIRPORT	Feb	14	"	"
8. Lee Ray GROW 2, 6th St., LONG BEACH,	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	AIRPORT	Feb	14	"	"
9. Henry Vincent SCHULZ 412 Montg. Av., MARYLAND.	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	AIRPORT	Feb	14	"	"
10. Clayton C. DAVID Topeka, KANSAS, Route 1.	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	AIRPORT	Feb	14	"	"
11. Norman ELLIN 2922 Baltimore New Jersey.	U.S.A.	Jan 4,4	MESSEL	Jan	14	"	"
12. Walter SCHAFFNER 87 Anbey Av., NEW YORK	U.S.A.	Jan 4,4	MESSEL	Jan	14	"	"
13. Ted FROATS 42 Tower St., Ontario.	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	AIRPORT	Feb	14	H. WALKER, DURBETTE	TEL LIND - TWIN - WEST.
14. Angelo CAMERINI 277 1st Av., NEW YORK	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	MESSEL	Feb	14	Peter v.d. HUIK	Jacques v.d. BRINK.
15. John P. O'BALLY 535 East Market St., BOSTON.	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	MESSEL	Feb	14	"	"
16. Carl Stanley LANGE Jackson St., Nassau.	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	MESSEL	Feb	14	"	"
17. Headrow Villas, TALSTON BALTIMORE, Maryland.	U.S.A.	Feb 4,4	MESSEL	Feb	14	"	"
18. Jim GUY 42 Monkman Drive, Essex.	R.A.F.	Jul 4,3	HOEK OP LAEMDULK	Jul	20	Bob v. HILSEN, ALMERE.	TEL LIND - TWIN - WEST.
19. Kenneth ?	R.A.F.	Jul 4,3	HOEK OP LAEMDULK	Jul	20	"	"

Name and Number	U.S.A. R. A. F. etc.	Shot Down		Date	Shattered No. of Days	Received From Name and Address	Issued on to Name and Address
		Date	Piece				
20. John LUNES 931 St. Humbolt Str. PORTLAND, Oregon.	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPL.	Mar	10	Peter v.d. HINK, HEFFEL	Jacques v.d. BRINK
21. Charles Andrew HAUIT 2/10/9	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPLO	Mar	10	Tony v.d. BOEH, AMERSTOFT	FRANZ, ROSENBLOND,
22. Joel Dean HUNCHES 2/2/91	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPLO	Mar	10	"	"
23. Wymore Nebraska.	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPLO	Mar	10	"	"
24. Harold McLELLAN SOUTH 2/9/5	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPLO	Mar	10	"	"
24a. D. MURRS 3. 710 Box 61, TEXAS	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPLO	Mar	10	"	"
25. Herman MORGAN 5/4/0	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPLO	Mar	14	Peter v.d. HINK	Jacques v.d. BRINK
26. Laurel MARTIN 6/3/4	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPLO	Mar	14	"	"
26a. 2602 Highl. Str. Mass.	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	WEPPLO	Mar	22	"	"
27. Donald SCHUMAN 6/24/61	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	Z. VILANDERSO	Mar-Dec	24	Elet COOMON, ZEST	"
28. (Unknown) SHAYER 6/25/5	U.S.A.	Nov 4.3	Z. VILANDERSO	Mar-Dec	24	"	"
(Boone I., Rockwell, N.O.)	U.S.A.	Nov 4.3	Z. VILANDERSO	Mar-Dec	24	"	"
29. John R. BUCKE 7/17/67	U.S.A.	Nov 4.3	Z. VILANDERSO	Mar-Dec	24	"	"
30. Bill REEDIC 7/17/5	U.S.A.	Nov 4.3	Z. VILANDERSO	Mar-Dec	24	"	"
31. John Stuart OGEE Beekman Road 61, WEST WICHITA, Kans.	R.A.F.	Dec 4.3	ALMAR	Dec-Jan	14	Bob van HILLEN, ALMAR	WALLER, INTERROGATED.
32. Elliott MEYNTIE KERTHOOR, Scotland	R.A.F.	Jul 4.3	UTERSON	Jul	22	Bob LITMO, ALMAR	TRAIL, WERET?
33. Eddie HILLINGTH 2/11/4	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	AMERSTOFT	Mar	14	Tony v.d. BOEH, AMERSTOFT	Jacques v.d. BRINK
34. Robert CLEVELAND 1/5/6	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	AMERSTOFT	Mar	14	"	"
34a. 519 S. Oak Sapulpa, Okl.	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	AMERSTOFT	Mar	14	"	"
35. Samuel ROGERS 1/9/67	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	AMERSTOFT	Mar	14	"	"
36. Major HOPKINS 1/9/66 A. Maple Str. San Francisco.	U.S.A.	Mar 4th	AMERSTOFT	Mar	14	"	"

Name and Number	U.S.A. Y.A.F. etc.	Shot Down Date	Place	Sheltered Date	No. of Days	Received from Name and Address	Passed on to Name and Address
37. Clyde MARTIN / 627	U.S.A. U.S.A. etc.	Mar 4, Mar 10	MEPPEL	Mar Mar	6 6	Peter van den HEEK	Charles V.d. HEINK
38. Henry Herman GLADIS / 628	U.S.A. U.S.A. etc.	Mar 4, Mar 10	MEPPEL	Mar Mar	6 6		
39. Allan E. WILLIS / 629	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	6		
40. Donald Arthur FORTSE 2047	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	6		
41. Stuart George SMITH / 01	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
42. Robert L. GIBSON	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
43. F. D. S. Norman Oklahoma.	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
44. David Russell TALBOT 1693	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
45. Charles R. MILLER	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
46. William STANS 114	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
47. Howard Bernard KING 1983	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
48. P. J. Jipson, Indiana.	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
49. Charles R. MILLER	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
50. Odell ROGERS	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
51. Clement Pr. LEONI	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
52. George STILLEY	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	10		
53. Flying-H. New Mexico.	U.S.A.	Apr 4,	MEPPEL	Apr	14		
54. Richard Martin SCOTT 2731	U.S.A.	Apr 4,	AMSTERDAM	Apr	14	Carl WESTHUSSEN, AMSTERDAM.	
(P-35) West Vine Str. 228, LANGEAAR, Fries.	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	14	Peter van den HEEK	
55. Clyde K. MILLIN Salt Lake City.	U.S.A.	Mar 4,	MEPPEL	Mar	14		

RECORDED
SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED
APR 10 1946

HOLLAND OFFICE
6801 MIS-X DETACHMENT
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
UNITED STATES ARMY
Bloemcamplaan 36, Wassenaar

AAN: Maj. J.M. Palmer,
Homeruylaan 57,
Zeist.

WASSENAAR, 6 April 1946.

Op de vragenlijst, welke U destijds hebt ingevuld betreffende Uwe
hulp aan geallieerd personeel hebt U verzuimd in te vullen, wie Uwe naaste
verwant is. Hiermede is bedoeld de "next of kin", das vrouw of vader of
moeder of zoon of dochter of broer of zusster, etc.

Zoudt U zoo vriendelijk willen zijn mij de naam en adres van deze(n)
nog even op te willen geven? U kunt dit gemaakshalve onder dit schrijven
doen en het dan in bijgaande portretje enveloppe terugzenden.

Voor de te nemen moeite betrek ik U gauwne hijs voorhant mijn dank.


FRANKLIN D COBLETT
Captain, Air Corps

NAAM: Falmse

VOORNAAMEN: Herman

GRAAD VAN VERWANTSCHAP: vader
(vrouw, vader, moeder, etc)

ADRES: Homeruylaan 57 Zeist

Uw eigen beroep.... Studente

RECORDED
ARMED
FORCES
IN
C2
110001
100000

Dated letter next of kin
J.W.

7 January 1946

1

POLMER, Johanna Maria
Homeruslaan 57, Zeist
Dutch
9-7-1923, Hoofddorp

Capt COULETT

10 December 1945

The subject was the youngest member of the first organization devoted to pilot evasion in Holland, it having been organized by Nel Lind and J.G. Wannee and was known as "Luctor et Emergo" and later as "Fiat Libertas". In June, July and August of 1943, the subject, then 19 years of age, arranged for the collection, shelter, food supply and transport of a considerable number of allied evaders. Following the 27th of September, 1943, when the organization was destroyed by the Gestapo, Joke Polmer who had evaded capture at that time, continued her work single handed, picked up such old contacts of her previous organization as remained and made a considerable number of other contacts which included all of the key figures of the evasion lines to the south and to Belgium. The subject herself estimates that she convoyed an approximate total of 320 evaders, this figure being agreed to by other key figures in the evasion in Holland. However she can remember the names of only 56 of those whom she helped. These 56 names, 49 of whom are American and 27 of whom reached the allied lines safely all 29 of whom mention her name in a very favorable way. She took the pilots from various addresses in Amsterdam or from the leader of evasion in the province of Drenthe, Peter van der Mark, and transported them by train to Roermond or Maastricht near the Belgian frontier. 17 evaders were taken by her

AMERICAN
145001
CL

to the home of her parents at Zell where they remained for a period of from 5 to 16 days. Of the great number of evaders whom she assisted approximately 100 were convoyed by her alone while in other instances she was one of several who assisted in the guiding of the evaders. The young lady and other members of her family were arrested in April of 1944 and on the 4th of July of that year she was sentenced to death by the Military District Court. In September 1944 she was, however, transported to Germany and from there until the 13th of June 1945 she was an inmate under desperate conditions in five different German convict prisons at Antath, Dusseldorf, Ziegenheim, Cottbus and Waldheim. It is noteworthy in connection with the subject that she is one of the few figures in evasion work in which all other principals are in agreement to the value of her contribution to the cause, for everyone accords to her the highest honor as a transport agent. Names of those helped are given below:

Omar Edward Roberts, USAAF
Philip Brown, RAF
John Henry Jackson, RAF
Harold John Killian, USAAF
Henry Vincent Schultz, USAAF
Norman Elkin, USA
Ted Froats, RCAF
John F. Grany, USA
Woodrow Wilson Tarleton, USA
Clyde Martin, USA
Allan R. Willis, USA
Evert George Rhman, USA
David Russel Talbot, USA
Howard Bernard King, USA
Billy Barkley Boyer, USA
Odell Hooper, USA
David Troup, USA
Frederic O'Neill Twitchell, USA
Glyda L. Mellin, USA
Charles Andrew Haupt, USA
Harold McWilliam Booth, USA
Herman Morgan, USA
Donald Schuman, USA
John R. Buckner, USA
John Stuart, RAF
Eric Hilditch, USA
Samuel Roberts, USA

Victor Ferrari, USAF
Leonard Frank Bixley, RAF
Donald H. Crawford, USAAF
LeRoy Grey, USAAF
Clayton C. David, USAAF
Walter Schneider, USA
Angelo Casabini, USA
Carl Stanley Lambert, USA
Jim Guy, RAF
Henry Herman Gladys, USA
Donald Arthur Porter, USA
Robert L. Garrett, USA
William Evans, USA
Charles R. Miller, USA
David I. Alford, USA
Clement Fr. Leon, USA
George Finley, USA
Richard Martin Scott, USA
John Lyons, USA
Joel Dean Panches, USA
D. Mince, USA
Laurel Martin, USA
Kenneth Shaver, USA
Bill Koenig, USA
Elliott McVittie, RAF
Robert Cleveland, USA
Thayer Hopkins, USA

DISPATCH
Activity
CL
Date, Month, Year

HOLLAND OFFICE
6801 MIS-X DETACHMENT
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
UNITED STATES ARMY

Garel van Bylandtlaan 16
's Gravenhage

1 October 1946

AAN: Maj. J. Folmer
Savornin Lohmanlaan 5
Groningen

Beste Joke,

Hartelijk bedankt voor je brief van 18 September.
Het spijt mij, dat je niet meer in Den Haag bent voor ons
vertrek, maar misschien zie ik je toch nog.

Dese brief heeft weer enige vertraging gehad
omdat ik een paar dagen met mijn ouders in Brussel geweest
ben. Ik beantwoord hen van kantoor en vind hier 125 Belgische
francs en 30 Franse francs, die ik je ingesloten opstuur. Als
je dit van de schuld wilt aftrekken dan krijg je de rest in de
volgende brief.

Innamens ingesloten stuur ik je de foto's van Parijs
die heel goed geslaagd zijn.

Joke ik hoop je spoedig weer eens te zien en mijn
hartelijke groeten en beste wensen.

DIS 1000
CL 74500.1
INTL DIVISION

Johanna Maria POLMER,
Bosseruslaan 57,
ZEEGST.

HEADQUARTERS
EUROPEAN THEATRE OF OPERATIONS
Military Intelligence Service

CLAIM

Indien U aanspraak wenscht te maken op vergoeding van geld, dat U besteed hebt, of van goederen, welke beschadigd of verloren zijn gegaan, uitsluitend in het geval dat dit geschiedt is door verleende hulp aan Geallieerde voortvluchtigen in directen zin, of door werkzaamheden in een illegale organisatie ten behoeve van genoemde voortvluchtigen, gelieve U het volgend formulier in te vullen:

1. Bijzonderheden omtrent uitgaven, gedaan gedurende het herbergen van voortvluchtigen. (Het aantal voortvluchtigen en het tijperk van onderdak moet vermeld worden):

2. Bijzonderheden omtrent uitgaven met betrekking tot bezittingen (kleeding, fietsen enz.):

3. Bijzonderheden omtrent schade aan bezittingen (van anderen aard dan die welke veroorzaakt door lucht- of landbombardementen):

Z.O.Z.

SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED
MAY 10 1945
FBI - NEW YORK

HEADQUARTERS
BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
WILHELMUS VAN DER STOEL

4. Bijzonderheden omtrent geld, dat reeds betaald is:
(a) Door Geallieerde bezetteren.
(b) Door illegale organisaties.
(c) Door Geallieerde voervluchtigen.

CLAIM

In deze brief wordt een bewijsstuk gegeven dat de volgende verzoeken tot betrekking heeft op beschuldiging van de mede-voerder van de illegale organisatie "De Nederlandse Bond voor Vrijheid en Democratie" en zijn leden, die in de loop der laatste maanden in Nederlandse gebieden werden gearresteerd en veroordeeld tot een lange termijn strafverblijf in een van de gevangenissen van de Sovjet-Unie.

5. Namen en adressen van getuigen, die het verzoek zouden kunnen staven:

6. Totaal som, waarop aanspraak gemaakt wordt (in geld, wat ten lande in omloop is):

Claim for 14 months' imprisonment - 1,400 Gldns.

Padd. 23-5-46*

Datum

Handtekening:

(Signed)

SP-2000-1

ARMED
FORCES
CL

HEADQUARTERS
US FORCES, EUROPEAN THEATER

GENERAL ORDERS)

NUMBER 200

29 July 1946

Legion of Merit	I
Bronze Star Medal	II
Bronze Star Medal (Oak-Leaf Cluster)	III
Soldier's Medal	IV
Medal of Freedom	V

I--LEGION OF MERIT. By direction of the President, under the provisions of AR 600-45, 22 September 1943, as amended, the Legion of Merit is awarded to:

Colonel Richard E. Sims, O21 282, Ordnance Department, United States Army, for exceptionally meritorious conduct in the performance of outstanding services from 16 November 1944 to 15 July 1945.

II--BRONZE STAR MEDAL. 1. By direction of the President, under the provisions of AR 600-45, 22 September 1943, as amended, the Bronze Star Medal is awarded, for meritorious service in connection with military operations during the respective periods indicated, to:

Colonel Alan J. McCutchen, O17 093, Inspector General's Department, United States Army--4 June 1945 to 22 November 1945.

Captain Armand F. DeFrene, O 478 742, Signal Corps, Army of the United States--15 March 1944 to 28 February 1945.

Colonel Leopoldo Gavalas, O 313 282, Adjutant General's Department, Army of the United States--12 February 1945 to 8 May 1945.

Lieutenant Colonel Harold R. Taylor, O 147 905, Inspector General's Department, Army of the United States--8 August 1945 to 1 October 1945.

2. So much of General Orders 302, Headquarters, Theater Service Forces, European Theater, 11 October 1945, as pertains to Lieutenant Colonel D. A. Mansborough-Jones, is revoked.

III--BRONZE STAR MEDAL (OAK-LEAF CLUSTER). By direction of the President, under the provisions of AR 600-45, 22 September 1943, as amended, in addition to the Bronze Star medal previously awarded, a bronze Oak-Leaf Cluster is awarded to:

Colonel John A. Sawyer, O17 177, Signal Corps, United States Army, for meritorious service in connection with military operations from 7 June 1944 to 23 March 1945.

IV--SOLDIER'S MEDAL. So much of Section IV, General Orders 200, this headquarters, 25 June 1946, as pertains to Technician Third Grade Clinton G. Trantak, is revoked.

V--MEDAL OF FREEDOM. Under the provisions of War Department letter, 6 September 1945, file AGFD-C 200.6, Medal of Freedom, the Medal of Freedom with gold palm is awarded, for exceptionally meritorious achievement which aided the United States in the prosecution of the war against the enemy in Continental Europe during the respective periods indicated, to:

Louise Marie Dassard, French Civilian -- July, 1942 to August, 1944.

Johanna Maria Folmer, Dutch Civilian -- June, 1943 to April, 1944.

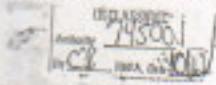
Peter van den Hurk, Dutch Civilian -- April, 1941 to May, 1945.

BY COMMAND OF GENERAL MCNAULY:

OFFICIAL: George F. Herbert
GEORGE F. HERBERT,
Colonel, AGD, Adjutant General.

H. R. BULL,
Major General, USA, Chief of Staff.

DISTRIBUTION: D /



Aan Holland Office
6001 MIS-X Detachment
AMG United States Army
Blauw Camplaan 36,
Waddenzee.

Reist 24-8-46.

Beste Felix,

Ik zal maar officieel antwoorden
dat ik op genoemde datum aanwezig
zal zijn. (maar . . . moet ik dan
andere geval niet Parcours meenemen?
Is ja, aan wie dan te overhandigen?
En de hulp, oftewel het diploma?
Graag nog enig bericht hierover.

Tot ziens de 4^e. en een prettiger
tijd met je anderen!

Jhr.

11500
11500
11500

HOLLAND OFFICE
6801 MIS-X DETACHMENT
MILITARY INTELLIGENCE SERVICE
UNITED STATES ARMY
Bloemcampstraat 36, Wassenaar

JGW/SR

AAN: Maj. J. Folmer,
Hamerstraat 57,
ZEIST.

WASSENAAR, 19 Augustus '45.

Het ligt in de bedoeling van de Amerikaansche Regering op 4 September a.s. een aantal onderscheidingen uit te reiken, welke verleend zullen zijn voor de hulp, welke tijdens de bezetting van Nederland aan geallieerd personeel verstrekt is.

De eerste ceremonie, welke de hoogste onderscheidingen zal omvatten, zal op 4 September in den Haag plaats vinden, des morgens om 11.00 uur op het plein voor de Ridderzaal in het Binnenhof.

Het is mij een genoegen U mede te delen, dat bij deze gelegenheid aan U de MEDAL OF FREEDOM with GOLD PALM uitgereikt zal worden, en ik zou het zeer op prijs stellen, indien U op 4 September in den Haag aanwezig zoudt kunnen zijn, teneinde deze onderscheiding uit handen van een vertegenwoordiger der Verenigde Staten officieel te ontvangen.

Ik zeg U verzoeken hiertoe een uur voor de officiële uitreiking samen te willen komen in de "Rolsaal" op het Binnenhof (ingang rechts naast de Ridderzaal), den Haag, des om 10.00 uur des ochtends aldaar aanwezig te willen zijn, zulks in verband met de voorbereidende maatregelen.

In de "Rolsaal" zal een vertegenwoordiger van de Amerikaansche Regering aanwezig zijn om U naar de plaats van bestemming te geleiden en U, zoo noodig, van de gang van zaken op de hoogte te stellen.

SEARCHED
INDEXED
SERIALIZED
FILED
APR 2 1945
U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE

-2-

Net is niet noodig een speciaal kostuum aan te trekken;
iedare dracht is goed.

Ik begrijp, dat U wellicht voor deze bijzondere gelegenheid
een familielid mede zult willen brengen. Hiervoor sluit ik eveneens
een uitnodiging in met blauwe opdruk "FAMILY". Hierop kunnen ten
hoogste twee familieleden meedragkracht worden, die op eigen gelegen-
heid naar het Binnenhof moeten komen en daar om kwart voor elf dienen
te zijn (toegang vanaf het Buitenhof).

Tenslotteoudt U mij zeer verplichten per omgaande mede te
willen deelen aan: Mil. Intelligencie Sv. U.S.Army, Bloemcampelaan 36,
Wassenaar, of U op genoemden datum aanwezig zult kunnen zijn.

FELIX HILGREY
1st Lt. AC
Commanding

10.00 uur des ochtends Kolzaal.